





What is DDP?

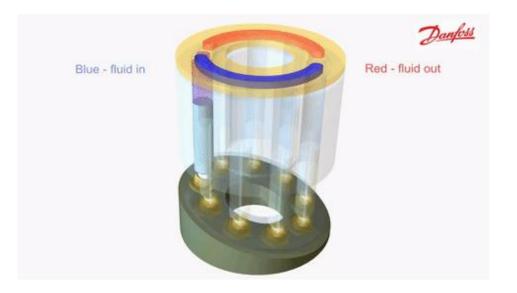
Digital Displacement Pump

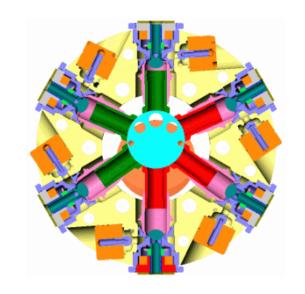
Overview

- Radial hydraulic pump with new control technology
- 96cc (5.86cir)
- Open circuit design
- 420 BAR (6,090 psi) pressure rating
- Static settings set by service tool
- 11939 CAN electronic control interface
- Integrated pressure, speed, temperature sensors
- Multiple independently controllable pumps option



What is DDP? Digital Displacement Pump



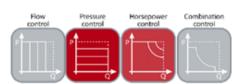


Axial Piston Pump

Digital Displacement Pump







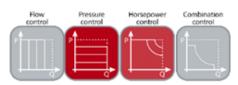
DDP Features

Unique Features

- Robotics-level control capability
 - Digital control of individual pistons
- Highest efficiency hydraulic pump available
- Fast and accurate response in 30 ms
- High efficiency optimized radial design
 - 94% peak efficiency
 - >90% efficiency across a very broad range
- Very low idle losses
- Starts off-loaded
 - Industrial: Reduced need for industrial infrastructure
 - Mobile: Reduced engine torque for cold starts







DDP Features

Unique Features

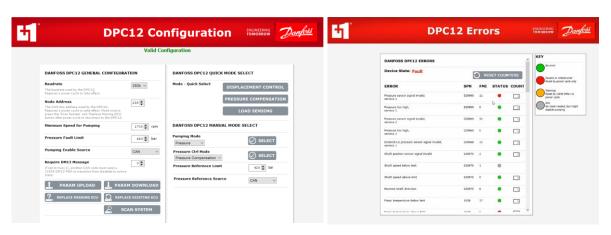
- Capable of multiple separate outputs from one pump
- No hysteresis
- Control modes and parameters are electronically tunable
- Independent flows and control modes on each outlet
 - Displacement control
 - Pressure control
 - Load sense
 - Pressure compensated
 - Horsepower limited



What is DDP?

Software control and configuration

- Easy setup of DPC12 controller with a software Service Tool
- Communication over CANbus via Danfoss CG-150 gateway
- Service Tool pages to access functionality in a clear way









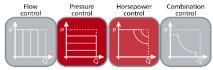
What is our Current offering

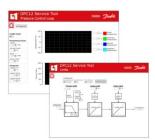
'Single'













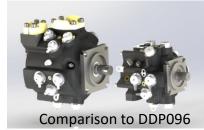


Future Product Direction

Modular DDP - **DDP1X0**

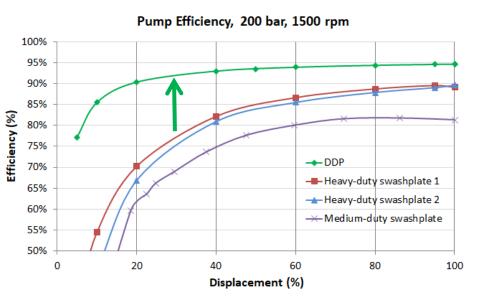
- Modularity at a piston and valve level
- Broad range of displacements
 - (2x) 120 to 180 cc/rev
- Excavator as initial target market
 - 1 Start with pumps
 - 2 Develop multi-service
 - 3 Develop motor capability





Better component efficiency

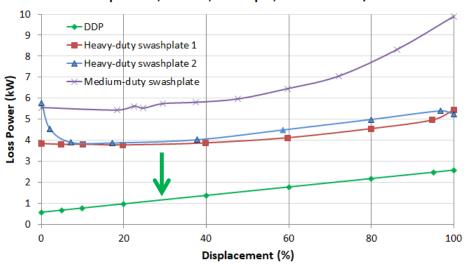
Efficiency:



Unprecedented efficiency... Similar to electric motors

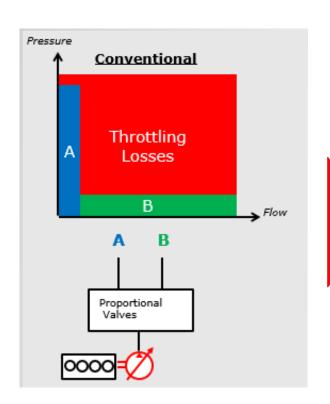
Losses:

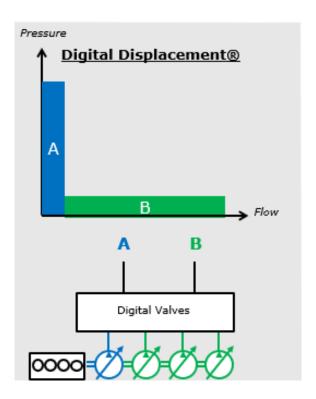




1/3rd – 1/5th of the losses of analog variable pumps over a duty cycle

Reduced Valve Losses



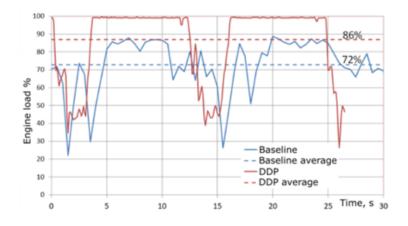


Completely new architectures are now possible.

Multiple outputs directly supply loads without throttling-reducing energy losses.

Controllability

- Engine related load control
 - Anti-stall
 - Dynamic torque allocation
 - Engine torque maximisation
- Increased productivity
- New system architectures
 - Multi-service
 - Direct load control
 - Mixed control functions



Classified as Business

Where does DDP come into play?

Off-Highway and Industrial markets



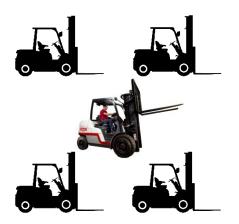
Energy-critical

Productivity-driven



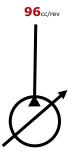
Highly dynamic

Need to differentiate



'Normal Pump'

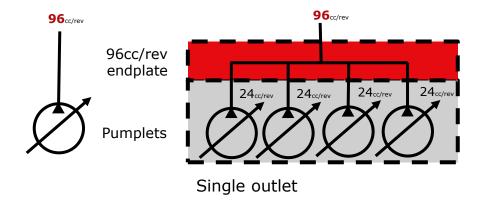
One outlet





'Normal Pump'

One outlet

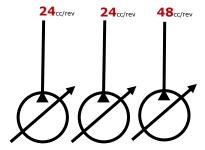




Single Outlet

Digital Displacement Pump

Multiple outlets

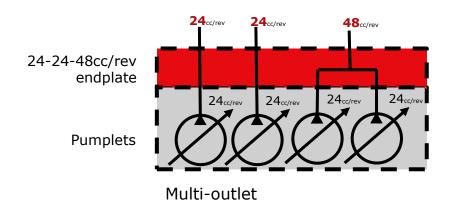




96cc/rev Multiple Outlet

Digital Displacement Pump

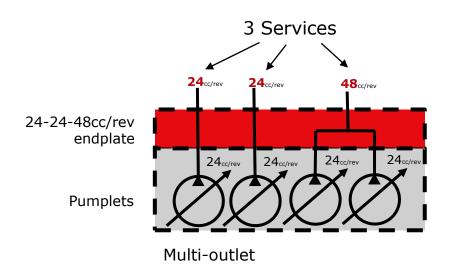
Multiple outlets





96cc/rev Multiple Outlet

DDP - Services

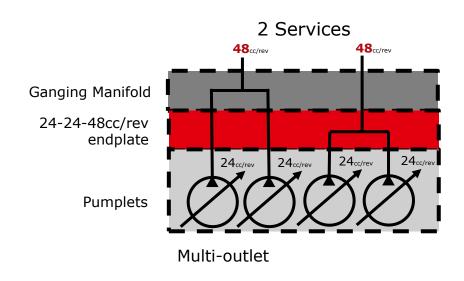




96cc/rev Multiple Outlet

Services are what the customer controls

DDP - Services

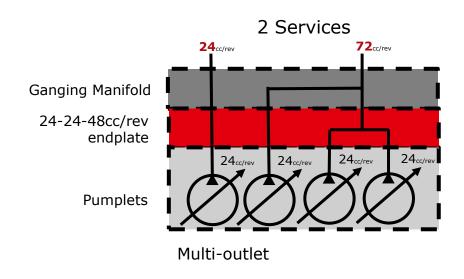




96cc/rev Multiple Outlet

Services are what the customer controls

DDP - Services

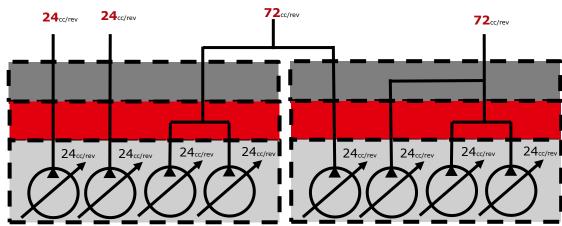




96cc/rev Multiple Outlet

Services are what the customer controls

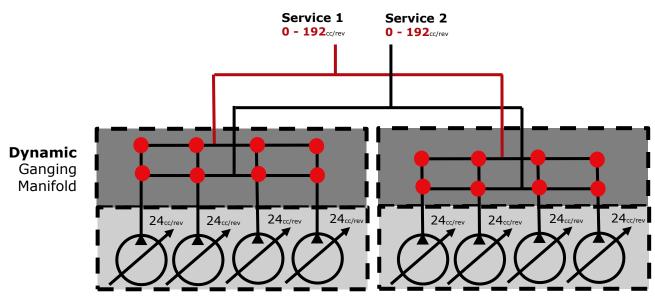
DDP - How far can we take this?







DDP - We can go even further?



Tandem Multi-outlet





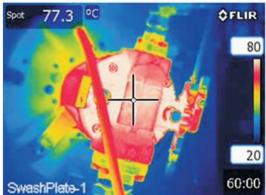
Application Examples

Example application: Industrial Hydraulic Power Unit

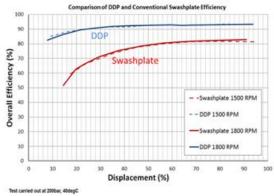
- Low energy consumption for spinning reserve pumps
- Simple internal offloading during motor start-up
- Reduced heat rejection from pump losses
- High bandwidth control response

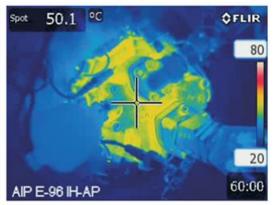


Pressurised idle losses at 200 bar



Axial piston pumps 6kW of losses





Digital Displacement® Pumps 0.6 kW of losses

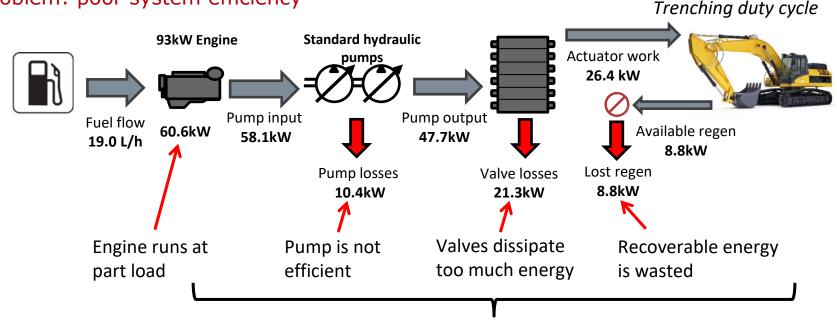
Digital Displacement Pumps Power Generation Use Case

- Remote mounting of generator
 - Hydraulicly driven
 - Lower cost synchronous generator
 - Less power electronics
- Constant flow with changing engine RPM
 - 30ms response time
- Remove generator weight from engine aux drive
 - Removes supports & brackets
- Free up space in engine compartment
 - Ease maintenance access
 - Makes room for other hardware



A Potential for Change

Problem: poor system efficiency



Net work delivered = **17.6kW** Pump input power = **58.1kW**

Overall efficiency of hydraulic system is 30%

Unrivalled Efficiency

Made possible by Digital Displacement system architectures



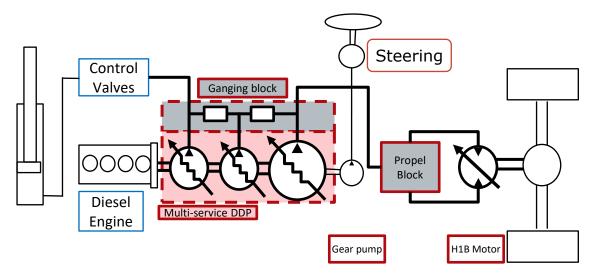
System Architecture	What is it?	Benefits	Energy savings
SA1	Pump swap	Reduced pump lossesHigher productivity	21% (measured)
SA2	Optimized system	Reduced valve losses	32% (measured)
SA3	New system architecture	Minimised throttling lossesEnergy recoveryEngine load levelling	+50% (simulation)

Fuel Efficiency: Material Handling

- 4 to 10 ton Fork Lift Trucks
- 40% Fuel Savings
- No loss of productivity
- Easy to customize drive behavior
- Demonstrated ability to reduce engine size



Forklift Work Function + Propel





40%
Fuel Saving
(compared to torque converter)



Machine Electrification Combined DDP + Editron rig

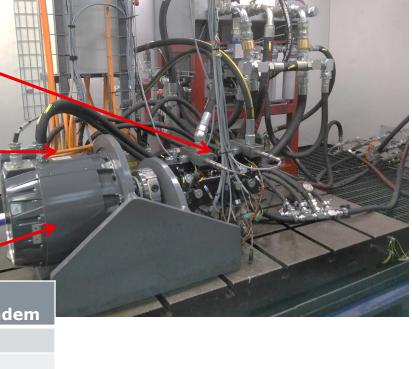


DDP E-dyn96 tandem 6 output

Editron Inverters EC-C1200-450

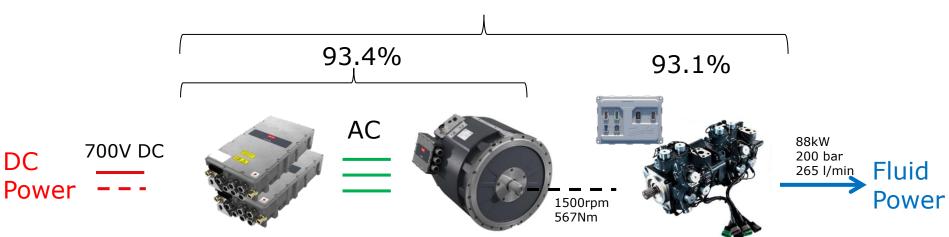
Editron Motor EM-PMI375-T800

DDP Editron E-dyn96 tandem PMI375-800+Inverter 210kg + 30kg110kg + 6kg Mass: Cont. torque: 1000Nm 1192Nm 308kW (@420 bar) Cont. power@2500rpm 220kW $0.63 kgm^2$ 0.0024kgm² Inertia:

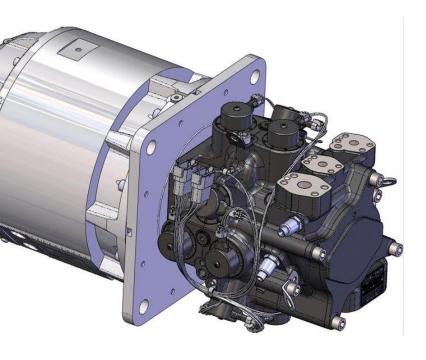


Machine Electrification Combined DDP + Editron rig



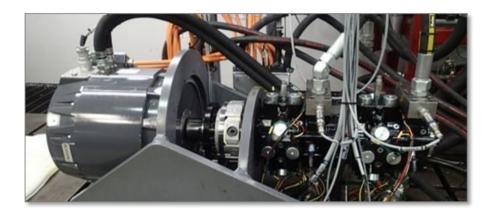


Machine Electrification Combined DDP + Editron



20-50%

- •Reduction of battery size
- Expansion of operating range







Digital Displacement Benefits



DDP Benefits

Fuel / energy savings

- Fuel reduction or battery life increase
- Reaction time
 - Engine downsizing

Productivity improvement

System design possibilities

Component reduction / technology reduction

- Reduce system costs
- Propel / work function combination
- Integrated sensors
- Engine downsizing
- Battery reduction

Increased functionality

Safety





DDP Benefits

- Consistent response regardless of speed, pressure, temperature
 - No Hysteresis
 - Repeatability
 - Controllability

CAN J1939 interface allows for:

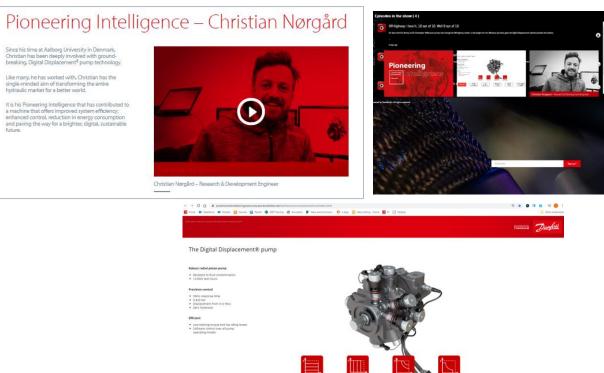
- Digital communication
- Diagnostics
- System feedback to CAN network
- Fault detection
- Telematics
- IoT

Customization of pump control by software

- · Electronic load sense
- · Pressure limiting
- Command flow and/or mode
- Operational modes



Resources



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Inside Digital Displacement



ENGINEERING TOMORROW